

General Terms and Conditions Hospitalia Ambulatory

as from 1 January 2021

General Terms and Conditions Hospitalia Ambulatory of the Health insurance company MLOZ Insurance voted by the Board of Directors on 23 September 2020 and the Extraordinary General Meeting on 23 October 2020

MLOZ Insurance is the health insurance company of the Independent Health Insurance Funds (OZ - Partenamut - Freie Krankenkasse - Partena Ziekenfonds). Approved under code OCM 750/01 for branches 2 and 18 by the Control Office of health insurance funds and national associations.
Head office: Lenniksebaan 788A, 1070 Brussels - Belgium
(RPR Brussels) - www.mloz.be - Enterprise number: 422.189.629. - 01/12/2020



1. DEFINITIONS

1.1. Insurer: "MLOZ Insurance" HEALTH INSURANCE COMPANY, insurance company approved by the Control Office of health insurance funds and national associations, by decision of 24 June 2013 to offer health insurances under branch 2 of appendix 1 of the royal decree of 22 February 1991 on general regulation of the supervision of insurance companies, as well as to cover, on a complementary basis, risks belonging to the assistance such as stipulated under branch 18 of appendix 1 of the above-mentioned royal decree, under code no OCM 750/01.

1.2. Policy holder: the person who subscribes the insurance for himself and/or for insured persons and who has to pay the premiums.

1.3. Sections: the sections of MLOZ Insurance are the intermediaries which offer the insurance products: 501: OZ (www.oz.be) - 509: Partenamut (www.partenamut.be) - 526: Partena OZV (www.partena-ziekenfonds.be), all members of the National Association of independent health insurance funds.

1.4. Medical dispensations: dispensations included in the nomenclature (RD of 14/09/1984 and later modifications).

1.5. Pharmaceutical products should be understood as:

- every pharmaceutical speciality registered to the Ministry of public health according to article 6 of the law of 25 March 1964 and the RD of 3 July 1969, modified by later decrees
- the pharmaceutical speciality that has been imported by a foreign hospital, in accordance with the stipulations of article 105 of the RD of 14 December 2006 regarding drugs for human and veterinary use
- magistral preparations that are delivered during a day hospitalisation
- contrast mediums.

1.6. Implants and medical devices: everything that is regulatory approved.

1.7. Accident: unexpected event, independent of the will of the insured person, involving a corporal injury of which (one of) the cause(s) is external to the organism. This accident must have involved traumatic injuries for which the treatment is of such a nature that it is covered by these dispositions.

1.8. Receipt: the document used by the health insurance fund, except for third parties.

1.9. Ambulatory care: care provided outside of a (day) hospitalisation.

1.10. Waiting period: period during which the insurer does not have to provide benefits and beginning at the starting date of the policy.

1.11. Medical questionnaire: this document aims to inform the Medical Counsellor of MLOZ Insurance on the past and present health condition of the insured person and has for consequence to possibly limit the intervention, in case of pre-existing disease, disorder or state.

1.12. Pre-existing disease, disorder or state: a disorder, disease or state (such as pregnancy) existing at the date of joining MLOZ Insurance or at the date of product transfer within MLOZ Insurance and leading to a hospitalisation.

2. ADMISSION

To join and remain a member of the cover Hospitalia Ambulatory, the policy holder has to be affiliated to the compulsory insurance as well as to the complementary services under one of the three sections mentioned above. However, there are some statutory exceptions (cf those sections: Partenamut, OZ and Partena Ziekenfonds). The policy holder has to affiliate his/her dependants within the meaning of the regulation on the compulsory insurance for health care and sickness benefits, except when the partner, the cohabiting partner, or the children are already covered by a similar insurance of the "actual costs" type.

The cancellation or deregistration of an insured person implicitly leads to that of all the people whose affiliation is compulsory.

The age limit on the affiliation date is fixed at 64 years for Hospitalia Ambulatory, except in case of transfer within the compulsory insurance for persons who were previously members of a similar "ambulatory care insur-

ance" of another Belgian health insurance fund and who have paid their premiums for this insurance.

2.2. Impact on your affiliation to MLOZ Insurance if the contributions to the complementary services of your health insurance fund are not paid

It is important that all contributions for the complementary services of your health insurance fund are always paid.

If your payment is not in order, this can have serious consequences for your affiliation to MLOZ Insurance and for the covers of the insurances you contracted.

2.2.1. Consequences for the affiliation to MLOZ Insurance

You can only join MLOZ Insurance if you have not lost your rights to the complementary services of your health insurance fund due to non-payment of contributions for these services for a period of 24 consecutive months.

2.2.2. Consequences for maintaining your affiliation to MLOZ Insurance
If you are already affiliated to MLOZ Insurance, it is legally obliged to terminate your affiliation, and therefore all your covers, if you are sanctioned by the loss of your rights to the complementary services of your health insurance fund because you have not paid for these services during 24 consecutive months. This automatic exclusion is independent of whether you have always paid the contributions for the insurances of MLOZ Insurance. Subsequently, you can only renew your affiliation to MLOZ Insurance if you regularly pay your contributions for the complementary services of your health insurance fund (every 6-month interruption in the payment of those contributions in the first 24 months of your renewed affiliation, leads to a new exclusion from MLOZ Insurance).

3. CONCLUSION AND ENDING OF THE INSURANCE POLICY

3.1. Conclusion of the insurance policy

The insurance policy is composed by the acceptance letter (with or without limitation) and the general terms and conditions with additional clauses.

The insurance policy starts the first day of the month following the month during which MLOZ Insurance received the duly completed "New affiliation request or request to change a product" and "medical questionnaire" (internal date or scanning as proof), if MLOZ Insurance receives the first premium for each insured person at last on the last day of the third month following the joining date.

The membership of a newborn or an adopted child under 3 years of age, not exempted from waiting period, starts the first day of the month following the birth or adoption, under the condition that MLOZ Insurance receives the membership application and the medical questionnaire (when it is required) before the end of the third month following the birth or adoption and that MLOZ Insurance receives the first premium at last the last day of the third month following the joining date.

The spontaneous payment of a premium without being requested to do so is not worth membership. If the above-mentioned 3-month term is not respected, this premium will be reimbursed and a new membership procedure will have to be started.

If, on basis of the medical questionnaire, the Medical Counsellor asks for further information before ruling on the membership application, the policy holder has 45 days to provide an answer.

If this term is not respected or if no further information is received, the membership automatically starts according to the rules defined here above with a limitation of intervention for the pre-existing disease, disorder or state mentioned on the medical questionnaire.

The decision of acceptance, with or without limitation of intervention, is communicated by letter to the candidate policy holder. The letter will detail the amount and the payment date of the first premium, the date of acceptance of the membership and the starting date of the membership, the duration of the waiting period, the annuity duration of the membership and the insurance product provided.

The insurance policy can be concluded at a distance. Each contract concluded at a distance is concluded at the moment the insurer receives the 'Membership application or product change request', duly completed and signed by the policy holder (on condition that MLOZ Insurance receives the first premium at most on the last day of the third month after the affiliation date). The policy holder and the insurer have a period of 14 days, from the sending of the acceptance letter by MLOZ Insurance, to terminate the insurance contract without penalty and without giving reasons.

The cancellation by the policy holder takes effect at the moment this cancellation is announced to the insurer. The cancellation by the insurer takes effect 8 days after the announcement to the policy holder. This right is asserted following the usual conditions for cancellations as stated in 3.2.

3.2. Ending of the insurance policy

The insurance policy is a life policy. However, it ends in case of:

- cancellation by the policy holder, according to the terms stipulated in the law of 4 April 2014, with a prior notice of at least one month starting the first day of the month following the sending of the registered letter or the qualified registered electronic mail, or the delivery of the writ or the cancellation letter against deposit receipt, addressed either directly to MLOZ Insurance or to one of the sections mentioned above.
- fraud or attempt to fraud.
- voluntary caused injury to the interests of MLOZ Insurance and notably in case of intentional omission or inaccuracy in the statements at the time of joining or introducing reimbursement requests or if the policy holder refuses to conform to these terms.
- cancellation by the insurer in case of non-payment of the premiums.
- expulsion of the complementary health insurance services.
- transfer to a health insurance fund that does not belong to the Independent health insurance funds (legal cancellation).
- death.
- nullity.

4. BEGINNING, EXCLUSIONS AND ENDING OF THE GUARANTEE

4.1. Beginning of the insurance guarantee

The insurance guarantee begins at the starting date of the insurance policy stipulated in the acceptance letter if the waiting periods have been accomplished.

4.1.1. General rule: 6-month waiting period

To benefit from the interventions of MLOZ Insurance, a 6-month waiting period starting at the joining date has to be accomplished. MLOZ Insurance does not intervene for a hospitalisation or ambulatory care which started during the waiting period.

4.1.2. Specific rules:

- Waiting period exemption for the newborn or the adopted child
If one of the parents joined MLOZ Insurance before the birth or adoption, the newborn is covered as from its birth and the adopted child under three years of age as from the date of its adoption, without medical questionnaire, against delivery of a copy of the birth or adoption certificate before the end of the third month following its birth or adoption and provided that the first premium is received at last on the last day of the sixth month following the joining date. The first premium will only be due by the first day of the month following the birth or adoption. This is only applicable if the entitled person of the child in compulsory insurance has achieved his waiting period.
- Suspension in case of detention
In case of detention and on demand of the policy holder, the statutory rights and obligations may be suspended. These rights and obligations start again the first day of the month following the request of the policy holder to end this period of suspension and on condition that the request is made within 90 days after the end of the reason of suspension and that he pays his premium within 15 days after payment request of MLOZ Insurance.
- Waiting period exemption in case of accident
MLOZ Insurance intervenes for every hospitalisation and ambulatory care resulting from an accident which has caused traumatic injuries for which the treatment is of such a nature that it is covered by the dispositions of this document if the accident occurred after the joining date. This intervention is submitted to the positive advice of the Medical Counsellor of MLOZ Insurance.
- Waiting period exemption for similar hospitalisation insurances
MLOZ Insurance intervenes for the new policy holders proving with documents that they were covered until the date of membership to MLOZ Insurance and since 6 months by a similar hospitalisation insurance of "compensatory" type, which means an insurance of which the reimbursements are made according to the real costs mentioned on the hospitalisation bill.

4.2. Exclusions of the guarantee

- Are not covered: ambulatory care costs related to an illness or accident:
- resulting from acts of war, except for terrorism : still the guarantee remains granted during 14 days after the beginning of the hostilities if the policy holder was taken by surprise by the bursting of a state of war during a trip in a foreign country;
 - resulting from the practice of a remunerated sport, including training;
 - following a riot, civil disorder, any act of collective violence of political,

ideological or social origin, whether or not accompanied by a revolt against a government or any established authority, except if the policy holder brings the proof that he was not taking active and voluntary part to this events;

- arising when the policy holder is under influence of narcotics, hallucinogens or other drugs;
- resulting from voluntarily participation in a crime or offence. 'Offence' also refers to offences that are afterwards redefined as violations;
- resulting from an intentional act of the policy holder, except in case of rescue of persons or goods, or the voluntary aggravation of the risk by the policy holder. The intentional disaster is the one resulting from a behaviour "voluntary and deliberately" adopted by the insured person and which caused "reasonably foreseeable" damage. It is however not required that the insured person had the intention to cause the damage as it happened.
- resulting from drunkenness, alcoholism or drug addiction;
- resulting from nuclear reactions, except for terrorism.

4.3. End of the guarantee

The insurance guarantee ends with the insurance policy.

5. RIGHT TO BENEFITS

The insurer and the policy holder collaborate in order to determine the right to benefits which is established on basis of the provided information. The policy holder allows the insurer to ask the needed information and commits himself to collaborate to the right execution of the information and investigation measures which result from the examination of the right to benefits. The insurer refrains from any measure which, regarding to the examination of the right to benefits, is inappropriate, irrelevant or abusive. The expenditure notes must be introduced within 3 years following the date on which the risk covered by the guarantee occurred. Once this term is over, there is prescription.

The insurance benefits are settled by the beneficiary of the insurance policy. If the policy holder can pretend to the compensation of damage, the insurer is subrogated to the rights of the policy holder in the extent of his benefits. The conventions concluded by the policy holder with third parties regarding rights that exist according to the insurance policy or that start in execution of the insurance policy are only opposable to the insurer as from the date on which he approved them.

6. OBLIGATIONS OF THE POLICY HOLDER

The policy holder has to:

- make statements and communications by letter or electronic communication to the head office of the insurer or its sections;
- inform the insurer as soon as possible of the date on which the prior conditions for maintaining the policy are no longer met;
- inform the insurer as soon as possible of any convention covering a similar or identical risk, either totally or partially;
- provide the insurer or its sections with every requested information.

If the policy holder fails to comply with the obligations of the insurance policy or those arising with the execution of the policy, and if after a peril, this breach causes an injury, the insurer can reduce his benefits for the relevant amount.

7. PREMIUMS

Monthly amounts in € on 01/01/2021, including all taxes, depending on the age

Affiliated to the product Hospitalia Ambulatory (9.25% taxes included)			
Before 01/01/1994 or affiliated, after that date, under 46 years old*		After 01/01/1994, between 46 and 49 years old*	
less than 18 years	8.42	from 46 to 49 years	18.64
from 18 to 24 years	8.66	from 50 to 59 years	26.84
from 25 to 49 years	17.76	60 years and over	42.21
from 50 to 59 years	25.58		
60 years and over	40.20		

After 01/01/1994, between 50 and 54 years old*		After 01/01/1994, between 55 and 59 years old*	
49 years**	19.54	from 55 to 59 years	38.37
from 50 to 59 years	28.13	60 years and over	60.30
60 years and over	44.22		

After 01/01/1994, at the age of 60 and over*	
59 years**	43.48
from 60 to 64 years	68.34

* On the starting date of the membership
 ** Age on 1 January of the membership year

An increase of the premium of respectively 5, 10, 50 and 70% is calculated on the basis rates for the policy holders who are respectively between 46 and 49 years, 50 and 54 years, 55 and 59 years, 60 years and over at the joining date to Hospitalia Ambulatory.

8. TERMS OF PAYMENT OF THE PREMIUM

The policy holder has to pay his premium on due date, following the agreed periodicity (quarter, semester, year).

The premium can be asked and must be paid in advance. It is sent to the last known address of the policy holder.

Is considered as in advance, any premium received before the first day of the first month of the quarter, semester or year, or, in case of monthly direct debit, within the first 10 days of the month, quarter, semester or year.

The policy holder who did not pay his premium before the first day of the quarter, receives a formal notification by registered letter or qualified electronic registered mail, demanding payment of the premium within 15 days as from the day after the delivery of the registered letter at the post office or of the qualified electronic registered mail. This formal notification informs him of the suspension of the guarantee in case of non-payment within the stated term. It starts a 45-day term at the end of which the membership will be cancelled automatically. The policy holder who did not pay his premium at the end of a quarter will automatically be charged for a fixed allowance of 15 € as reminder costs.

The disaffiliated policy holder will only be able to affiliate again if he pays all overdue premiums. He will also have to complete a new waiting period to pretend to the benefits again.

9. SEGMENTATION OF AMBULATORY CARE INSURANCES

At the moment of affiliation to an insurance policy, the insurance companies apply segmentation criteria that influence the access to the insurance product, the determination of the premiums and the scope of the guarantee.

Underneath, you will find an overview of all the criteria that MLOZ Insurance uses for its ambulatory care insurances. These criteria depend on the type of product.

The following criteria could be taken into consideration:

9.1. At the beginning of the policy:

9.1.1. The age of the insured person because, according to statistic data, the probabilities of treatment as well as the amount of the reimbursements increase with age. Therefore, this parameter is taken into account for the fixation of premium amount and access to the product.

a) Access could be limited for certain products: the age limit for Hospitalia Ambulatory is 64 years.

This age limit does not apply to insured parties who were in order with their contributions to a similar insurance with another HIC.

b) Affiliation after a certain age may lead to supplementary premiums.

9.1.2. The health condition, and more specifically every pre-existing disorder/ state/disease, because this might increase the risk of treatment as well as the amount of medical expenses. It can also justify that some medical costs related to a pre-existing state/disorder/disease are not covered.

9.1.3. The previous existence of a similar insurance impacts the waiting period, that can be reduced or even cancelled for persons who were insured by a similar insurance until the date of affiliation to MLOZ Insurance. In that case, the waiting period will be reduced by the duration of that insurance. MLOZ Insurance does not make a distinction based on the nature of the insurance (commercial insurance vs. insurance with a health insurance fund) the insured person was covered by before joining MLOZ Insurance.

9.2. During the policy:

Age of the insured person because, according to statistic data, the probabilities of treatment increase with age. This criterion might influence the amount of the expenses. Therefore, the contribution amount increases with the age of the insured.

10. ADJUSTMENT OF THE PREMIUM, THE BENEFITS AND THE GENERAL TERMS AND CONDITIONS

The premium, the pricing conditions and the conditions for the coverage of the benefits are defined by taking into account the parameters that are included in the technical plan the insurer compiles on the basis of actuarial criteria and insurance techniques.

Without prejudice to the statutory options for adjusting the premiums and regardless of their adjustment to the index on consumer prices or the medical index linked to the "ambulatory care" guarantee, the contributions may not be increased.

For the application of the index, a comparison will be made between the index rate of April of the current year and the index rate of April of the previous year.

This index rate variation is expressed in percentage and can be applied to the premium and to the benefits in force before indexation.

MLOZ Insurance may decide annually not to apply the indexation possibilities for premiums based on these indices, or to apply them only partially.

Nevertheless, the premiums will be increased in function of the different taxes applicable on that matter.

Premiums and coverage can be modified in accordance with article 504 of the Law of 13 March 2016.

11. REIMBURSEMENTS OF HOSPITALIA AMBULATORY IN BELGIUM

Outside a period of (day) hospitalisation and if the dispensations or products are prescribed and given in Belgium. The material referred to in 11.3.2 and 11.3.3 should be purchased in countries of the European Union.

11.1. Medical fees - Consultations - Visits - Technical dispensations

MLOZ Insurance reimburses: the consultations and visits of the general practitioners and specialists, the medical technical acts, the medical imaging, the radio and radium therapy, the nuclear medicine, the internal medicine, the dermatology and venerology, the physiotherapy, the clinical biology, the emergency care in a recognised function of specialised emergency care, the emergency supplements, the surgical truss maker, the orthopedics, the optics, the acoustics, the anatomopathology, the genetics, the obstetricians, the special dispensations, the dentistry, the physical therapy, the nursing care, the speech therapy, the radio-isotopes and the cardiac rehabilitation, on the condition that there is an intervention of the compulsory insurance for Health Care and Sickness Benefits up to 50% of the patient share.

The calculation of the interventions is exclusively made on basis of the medical codes of the official nomenclature. The health care providers have the obligation to mention those codes on the health care provided certificates delivered to the patients.

Justificatory documents to provide

For the policy holders affiliated to the same section in compulsory insurance and at MLOZ Insurance, the interventions are made against delivery of the health care provided certificates, simultaneously with the interventions granted in the context of the sickness and invalidity insurance.

For the other policy holders, the interventions are paid on basis of a copy of the health care provided certificates, with an original proof of the reimbursement by the sickness and invalidity insurance.

11.2. Pharmaceutical costs paid outside the hospital

Pharmaceutical products and magistral preparations are reimbursed up to 50% of the actual cost paid by the patient if they were prescribed by a registered practitioner or dentist.

Do not give right to a reimbursement of MLOZ Insurance:

- homeopathic, dietary and hygiene medicines;
- products without therapeutic effect sold in pharmacy, such as: food, drinks, soaps, salts, toothpaste, etc.
- phytotherapy.

Justificatory documents to provide

Delivery to MLOZ Insurance of a "Certificate of pharmaceutical dispensations reimbursable by a complementary insurance" (BVAC) established by the pharmacist, duly filled in by the pharmacist and countersigned by the policy holder or an ambulatory bill of the hospital.

11.3. Prostheses

With or without legal intervention, MLOZ Insurance intervenes in the following limits and conditions:

11.3.1. Dental prostheses delivered outside of the hospital.

The prostheses are reimbursed in the following limits:

- a) Full prosthesis
- superior or inferior: € 500 maximum per prosthesis, with a renewal term of 5 years.

b) Partial prosthesis
 € 250 per civil year.

c) Other dental prostheses

Such as bridges, pivot teeth, crowns, addition of teeth to an existing prosthesis: € 250 maximum per civil year.

11.3.2. Ophthalmological prostheses

The glasses, lenses, intraocular lenses and surgical corrections (corrections of the eyesight - keratotomy, laser therapies), with the exclusion of frames and sunglasses, are reimbursed up to € 250 per civil year.

11.3.3. Others

Regardless a possible legal compensation, MLOZ Insurance's compensation stays limited to € 500 maximum per civil year for hearing aid, orthopaedic soles, wigs, breast prostheses, splints (in other words: a medical orthopaedic brace prescribed by a specialist) dental braces and dental implants, without purely aesthetic purpose.

Justificatory documents to provide for prostheses

Delivery to MLOZ Insurance of the Hospitalia form named "Prostheses -

Payment request" duly filled in by the health care provider and countersigned by the policy holder. For ophthalmologic prostheses: also enclose the original bill of the optician.

For other prostheses: also enclose the original bill of the prosthetist and the medical prescription for hearing aid, orthopedic soles, wigs and breast prostheses.

11.4. Cumulation of reimbursements

The reimbursements foreseen by Hospitalia Ambulatory may be cumulated with the reimbursements foreseen by Hospitalia, Hospitalia Medium and Hospitalia Plus for pre/post-hospitalisation care and the serious illnesses guarantee. If applicable, the reimbursement may in no case exceed the amount of the covered guarantee and a fortiori the actual cost charged to the policy holder.

12. INTERVENTION LIMITATIONS

1. Intervention limitations for pre-existing diseases, disorders or states

For Hospitalia Ambulatory, the medical questionnaire aims to possibly limit the intervention by refusing the reimbursement of ambulatory dispensations related to this pre-existing disease, disorder or state.

During the first 24 months of membership to the product, the Medical Counsellor can decide this limitation, invoking a non-intentional omission or inaccuracy related to the health condition on the medical questionnaire.

This limitation is fixed for a minimum duration of 5 years at the end of which the policy holder who wants it can ask the reassessment of his/her situation on basis of a new medical file.

2. Dispensations not covered by Hospitalia

MLOZ Insurance does not intervene:

- for medical, pharmaceutical and hospital dispensations related to beauty care, unless the Medical Counsellor gave his prior agreement and if the compulsory insurance intervenes;
- for the dispensations of "rejuvenation" type;
- for the dispensations to an insured person who refuses to receive the visit of a practitioner, a nurse or a social assistant committed by MLOZ Insurance.

13. CUMULATION OF COVERS

13.1. The costs are not taken into account if they can be covered by:

- the compulsory insurance for Health Care and Sickness Benefits, as it is organised by the law coordinated on 14 July 1994 and its executing R.D. and by the R.D. of 30 June 1964;
- the legislation related to work accidents (law of 10 April 1971 and executing R.D.) and to professional sicknesses (law of 3 June 1970 and executing R.D.);
- the European regulations n°1408/71, 574/72 and 883/04 or by a multilateral or bilateral convention of social security concluded by Belgium;
- the complementary insurance of the health insurance organisations;
- the service "urgent foreign care" of the health insurance organisations.

The supplements covered are thus determined in reference to these interventions. If, for one or another reason, the policy holder is not allowed to request one or more of these interventions, MLOZ Insurance intervenes on the same way as for a policy holder entitled to these interventions.

13.2. When the amounts granted according to another regulation, the ordinary law of another insurance policy are lower than the benefits granted by MLOZ Insurance, the beneficiary is entitled to the difference at the cost of MLOZ Insurance. This information must be mentioned on the "Payment request". The intervention of MLOZ Insurance can never be higher than the amount of the actual costs supported by the policy holder.

When the damage is likely to be covered by the ordinary law or another regulation, MLOZ Insurance will be able to grant its benefits on temporary basis, while waiting compensation of the damage.

In this case, MLOZ Insurance will be subrogated in all the rights the insured person can exercise against the debtor of the compensation.

The policy holder may not conclude any arrangement with the debtor of the compensation without prior agreement.

14. COMPENSATIONS

14.1. Prescription

The action in payment of dispensations as part of the benefits or any other action resulting from the insurance policy becomes prescribed by 3 years as from the day of the event which opens them, which means the day the covered peril happens.

14.2. Medical control

The benefits are only granted on the condition that MLOZ Insurance has the right to ask the Medical Counsellor at any time to control the health condition of the insured person and the validity of the dispensations.

14.3. Payment of the benefits

Pharmaceutical costs will be reimbursed upon presentation of a "Certificate of pharmaceutical dispensations reimbursable by a complementary insurance" established by the pharmacist, or of a (ambulatory) bill of the hospital scanned by the hospital or the insured, or of the bill that has been delivered on another hard-wearing medium.

To obtain the benefits foreseen by Hospitalia Ambulatory, the policy holder will provide the justificatory documents as described in the section "Reimbursements of Hospitalia Ambulatory".

Justificatory documents in order to receive a compensation may be delivered digitally to MLOZ Insurance. The digital copy must be of good quality (i. e. readable) and true to the original (no hand-written alterations or updates). MLOZ Insurance reserves the right to request the original from the insured, who must keep it or bear the costs of a duplicate.

The reimbursements will be granted to effectively insured persons or to any person empowered by the "Payment request", after receipt of the expenditures notes and the statement of the legal interventions.

15. DATA HANDLING

The personal data of the policy holder and their insured will be processed by MLOZ Insurance acting as data controller, and by the Onafhankelijke Ziekenfondsen (Independent Health Insurance Funds), as agent and processor for MLOZ Insurance, in the context of the allocation and management of the insurance product that the policy holder has subscribed to, and in accordance with the European Regulation of 27 April 2016 on data protection (GDPR). Medical data are collected and handled based on the insured's consent and under the supervision and the responsibility of the Medical Counsellor of MLOZ Insurance. The privacy policy of MLOZ Insurance is available via this link <https://www.mloz.be/nl/content/privacy-mloz-insurance>, or upon request in an agency, or by mail (MLOZ - DPO, Route de Lennik 788 A, 1070 Brussels).

16. COMMUNICATION MODE AND LANGUAGES

MLOZ Insurance communicates with its insured persons through several canals:

- by normal post and per e-mail info@hospitalia.be
- by phone at number 02 778 92 11
- via its sections: to obtain the coordinates of the nearest agency:
501: OZ (www.oz.be) - 509: Partenamut (www.partenamut.be) - 526: Partena OZV (www.partena-ziekenfonds.be)

Communication language

Every communication is done in French, Dutch, English or German, according to the choice of the policy holder.

All our documents are available in French, Dutch, English or German.

17. COMPLAINTS

Complaints about the insurance policy may be addressed to the section you are affiliated with.

If the answer does not satisfy you, you can contact MLOZ Insurance's complaints coordinator, either by e-mail: complaints@mloz.be, or by mail: MLOZ Insurance - Complaints coordinator - Route de Lennik 788A, 1070 Brussels.

If you would have a complaint regarding our services we were not able to settle together, you can get in touch with the service-Assurances, the head office of which is located on de Meeûsquare 35, 1000 Brussels, tel. 02 547 58 71, fax 02 547 59 75.

info@ombudsman.as - www.ombudsman.as

18. CONFLICTS OF INTERESTS POLICY

According to the legislation, the HIC "MLOZ Insurance" developed a "Conflicts of interests policy" (www.hospitalia.be).

MLOZ Insurance means to prevent conflicts of interests and notably conflicts of interests which may harm the interests of one or more of its customers by opposing them to the interests of one of its agents, other customers, MLOZ Insurance itself or a co-worker of MLOZ Insurance or its sections. Concerned with conforming itself to its obligations, MLOZ Insurance elaborated a general frame describing the way it organises itself to manage conflicts of interests through:

- the identification of potential conflicts of interests,
- managing measures for existing or future conflicts of interests,
- information of its customers,
- the training of its co-workers,
- a register of conflicts of interests,
- the realisation and the regular evaluation of this policy.

19. APPLICABLE LAW

The Belgian law is applicable to precontractual relationships and to the insurance policy.

This summary is for information purpose only. Only the statutes determine the rights and obligations of the policy holders of MLOZ Insurance.

They are available for consultation at the head quarter of MLOZ Insurance or on the website www.mloz.be.